A Message from the President…

Researchers need a lot to be successful in identifying and learning about ancestors. Online databases and traditional resources in libraries and archives are a must. So also, is developing the capacity to problem solve in order to determine what you need to do and where you need to go for the information you desire. To that end, our newsletter articles focus on methods, data sources, new publications, educational and training opportunities, and case studies. One avenue, however, that researchers do not always think about is involvement with other researchers. That can happen through involvement in a genealogical society or club, interaction with attendees at a conference, connecting with DNA matches – basically, a person to person connection.

I can recall finding a distant living cousin in one family line because a fellow member of a genealogy group knew what surnames were of interest to me and managed to overhear someone mention one of the more unusual surnames I was researching at a cocktail party. She inserted herself into that conversation and ended up facilitating a meeting for me that yielded lots of new information and photos. That has happened to me more than once, and I have found relatives simply through membership in genealogy groups as have many other researchers. So, think of membership in genealogy groups – national, state, county and local – and attendance at programs as an ancestor finding tool.

And, by the way, volunteering within those groups is an even better tool because you work side by side with other volunteers and have more opportunities to share information about your family and your brick walls. Real help might be standing right next to you!

Carol M. Sheaffer MD, President

The GSP online newsletter

We look forward to keeping you informed by giving you dates and times of upcoming events, answering questions and being a source of information to our membership. We welcome suggestions, tips and articles.

Upcoming Events

There will be two lunch events each month – ROOTS and ROOTS FOCUS. Both are designed to allow researchers to discuss genealogy over brown bagging lunch. ROOTS will be an opportunity to discuss all questions with each other and share research, artifacts, photos and questions. ROOTS FOCUS will offer an opportunity to discuss a specific topic. Bring your lunch and GSP will provide coffee, tea and dessert.

The following events are held at the GSP offices.

Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania
2100 Byberry Road, Suite 111
Philadelphia, PA 19116 - 267.686.2296 info@genpa.org

Tuesday - 9 October 2018  12 Noon-2 PM

ROOTS: Bring Your Ancestor to Lunch
An opportunity to meet over lunch with other researchers to discuss research questions, successes, frustrations, get new ideas, share ancestor photos and artifacts

Led by Carol M. Sheaffer

Registration: GSP Members Free; Non-Members $5

(Continued on page 2)
When Donn J. Devine, genealogist, retired Brigadier General of The Delaware National Guard and Delaware attorney, joined The Board of Directors of The Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania in 2008, his status as an expert genealogist was already well established, and he was held in highest esteem by colleagues everywhere. Certified as a genealogist in 1987 by The Board for Certification of Genealogists, he served as a trustee on that Board (1992-2006). He subsequently became Archivist for The Catholic Diocese of Wilmington in 1989. Donn has been an active member of The Genealogical Speakers Guild, Sons of the American Revolution, The Delaware Genealogical Society (former President), Delaware Military Heritage and Educational Foundation (Board Member Emeritus) and, of course, The Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania (member, Board of Directors).

In 2013, Donn was named a Fellow by The National Genealogical Society and has received First Place awards for his contributions to Newspapers and Journals by The International Society of Family History Writers and Editors. Additionally, Donn is listed in Who’s Who in America? and Who’s Who in Genealogy and Heraldry. He has contributed numerous articles to The American Genealogist, The NY Genealogical and Biographical Record, and The Delaware Genealogical Society Journal and has served as an editorial advisory board member as well as a contributor to The National Genealogical Society Quarterly. His article, entitled Thomas, John and Francis Baldwin Chester Co, PA was published in The Pennsylvania Genealogical Magazine, Vol 49 (2014), pages 102-118.

In recognition of his service to the genealogical community at large and, specifically to The Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania, The Officers and Directors of The Board, have voted to confer emeritus status. We sincerely thank you, Donn, for including The Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania in your genealogical career and life.

Carol M. Sheaffer, President,
The Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania

A TRIBUTE TO DONN J. DEVINE, CG: A GENEALOGICAL LIFE WELL LIVED

Thursday - 18 October 2018  6 PM
ANCESTOR SHARE NIGHT
Bring an ancestor Artifact, Heirloom, or Photo to share. Registration: FREE
Led by Carol Sheaffer

Tuesday - 23 October 2018 12 Noon-2 PM
ROOTS FOCUS:  Artifacts, Heirlooms, Photos
Led by Carol Sheaffer
Bring your lunch, GSP will supply coffee/tea and dessert
Registration:  GSP Members Free; Non-Members $5

UPCOMING OFFSITE LECTURES

(Continued from page 1)
October 2018

GSP NEWSLETTER
Finding your Pennsylvania Ancestors

Records of Pennsylvania Citizens Who Provided Supplies to The Army during the Revolutionary War

A GSP Newsletter reader has asked about the availability of records for those who provided supplies to the Army during the Revolutionary War. Their support was so needed: food, grain, drink, blankets were all in great demand. Battles and encampments were in many places, thus making it challenging to meet the needs of soldiers in each location.

The Quartermaster department, much later known as The Quartermaster Corps, was established 16 June 1776, by the Second Continental Congress. They appointed one “Quartermaster General of the grand army and a deputy, under him, for the separate army.” Major General Thomas Mifflin, the first Quartermaster general, had no money and no authority and was dependent on the individual states for help with the supplies that had to be provided. The third Quartermaster General, Major General Nathanael Greene reorganized the supply system after Valley Forge and established a depot system to support the army.

There are records available that document purchase of needed supplies in Pennsylvania. The Pennsylvania State Archives has such records, in Record Group 4, Records of The Department of The Comptroller General. Within this group, series 4.7 carries the description below:

“Commissioners of Purchases Accounts, 1780-1783. (6 boxes)
Arranged alphabetically by county. This series begins with a list of general purchases made by the army which shows the supplies purchased, their quantity, the purchaser, the merchant, the county where the transaction occurred, and the battalion or military unit. After this listing of general purchases, the rest of the files are arranged by county and show supplies and quantity purchased, the price, the vendor, the Commissioner of Purchases for each county, and detailed receipts. The counties documented are Bedford, Berks, Bucks, Chester, Cumberland, Lancaster, Northampton, Northumberland, Philadelphia City, Westmoreland, and York.”

Federal records, which is at The National Archives, contain Record Group 93 in which is found Series 93.4 titled

“Records Relating To Supplies And Stores” 1775-1814 (bulk 1775-83) 9 lin. ft. Within that, for example, is Series 93.4.1 Selected volumes of the "Numbered Record Books" (1775-98) with the following description:

“Records of Quartermaster General Timothy Pickering, consisting of letters sent, 1780-87; a register of letters received, 1781; and miscellaneous accounts and receipts, 1781-83. Records of Commissary General of Military Stores and Assistant Quartermaster Samuel Hodgdon, consisting of letters sent, 1778-84; a ledger, 1777-98; receipts, 1778-89; and records of disbursements, 1780-81. Records of Capt. Charles Russell, Assistant Deputy Quartermaster, VA, 1781-82. Account book of Thomas Grant, Assistant Quartermaster, PA, 1780-83. Records of the Quartermaster General's Department, including

(Continued on page 4)
ledgers, 1776-79; estimated requirements for quartermaster stores, 1780-93; and records of receipts and disbursements, 1780-84. Records of the Commissary General of Military Stores Department, including ordnance ledgers, 1780-85; and records of receipts and disbursements, 1780-81. Ledger of accounts of the United States with various states for military stores, 1780-83. Records of military stores issued and received, 1777-84. Quartermaster records of miscellaneous units, 1779-83. Records of accounts, Assistant Commissaries of Issues, 1776-83, 1786. Ration record, Eastern Department, 1776-77."

There are many other collections at both the Pennsylvania Archives or National Archives level to explore. Browsing their websites will help the researcher find items of special interest to them. Seeing the actual records likely will mean a trip to the facility for in-person research.

A less common source, but very interesting, are records found in Bucks County, PA regarding collection of blankets from residents in various townships for the soldiers. These records are available in a publication by Waite and McNealy entitled Bucks County account of blankets for the Continental Army, 1777. Additional resources can be found at The David Library of The American Revolution in an online document entitled “Selected Readings on Uniforms/Supplies of the Revolutionary War”. That, by the way, is certainly the facility to visit for anyone doing any research on The Revolutionary War! www.dlar.org/

References:


♦ Record Group 4, The Department of The Comptroller General. The Pennsylvania State Archives, Harrisburg, PA.


Carol M. Sheaffer, President president@genpa.org

Q&A

Do you have questions about Pennsylvania genealogy? We have answers! For example, we can answer questions such as “Where-How can I find marriage license records?” or “When did Pennsylvania start recording birth certificates?” We’ll feature the question and answer in the newsletter. Submit your questions (not family specific research) to: editor@genpa.org.
CHARTS, FAMILY TREES, GROUP SHEETS

Charts or diagrams, first recorded in 1800-1810, that show the relationships between people in several generations of a family are commonly described as Family or Genealogical Trees. Trees, Records, Charts and Sheets are often used interchangeably. They are a means to graphically display lineage and descendants for research purposes or as family heirlooms. The most common charts are the Ancestral Chart and the Family Group Sheet. [https://www.archives.gov/research/genealogy/charts-forms](https://www.archives.gov/research/genealogy/charts-forms)

A Family Group Sheet summarizes relationships and lists their children. This form may also include dates and places of birth, baptism, marriage, death, burial, parents and sources. A Family Group Sheet is easily filed in a 3-ring binder using the husband’s last name.

The Ancestral Chart, a pedigree chart, is compact and shows the starting individual at the left and ancestors to the right. An option for organizing an ancestral chart is to use a numbering system. Ahnentafel Numbering is an example of a numbering system used to organize and identify entries. The starting person, male or female, begins as #1. The father is #2 and the mother is #3, from this point forward all even-numbered persons are male, and all odd-numbered persons are female. The word Ahnentafel means ancestor table in German. Pedigree charts show lineage at a glance and are very helpful when researching on the road. These forms are very useful but not the only options.

There are many other forms or diagrams that can be helpful or confusing depending on how they are used. Some trees display ancestors, descendants and cousins. It’s great for visualizing everyone at once, but it becomes confusing as more generations are added. A Fan Chart begins with the starting person in the middle and then each generation of ancestors or descendants appear in subsequent circles. These charts use more space than a standard chart, but it makes it easy to see what is missing.

Timeline charts provide the opportunity to compare ancestors whose lifetimes overlap, how they relate to historical events and when comparing the events of two people of the same name. [Archives.com – Time-](https://www.archives.gov/research/genealogy/charts-forms)

Hourglass Trees show the center person’s ancestors above and descendants below. Kinship Reports include an alphabetical list of names and each person’s relationship to a selected individual. A kinship report lets you quickly see how anyone in your file is related. The Tiny Tafel, a summary of surnames, is interesting as it shows the Soundex code for each surname. The Soundex Code groups similarly spelled names along with the range of years these individuals were born which helps to match surnames with different spellings.

Family trees can also be custom designed representations of a family’s lineage. There are many graphical options online to choose from.

Genealogy Programs can generate a variety of charts from entered data. The available reports and output options are different with each program, so you would want to review the available features.

There are many sources online to download chart templates.

- National Archives. https://www.archives.gov/research/genealogy/charts-forms
- Family Tree: https://www.familytreemagazine.com/freeforms/basicforms/
- BYU Family History Library: https://sites.lib.byu.edu/familyhistory/print-forms-research-helps/
- Family Search: https://www.familysearch.org/wiki/en/Step_5._Organize_your_information
- Microsoft: https://templates.office.com Family Trees

Printable charts are not to be confused with the “Online Trees” used for sharing with others on sites like Ancestry, Family Search and My Heritage.

Nancy Janyszeski, Treasurer, GSP
GSP NEWSLETTER
Finding your Pennsylvania Ancestors

Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania Newsletter
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DIVORCES GRANTED BY THE SUPREME COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA FROM DECEMBER, 1785, UNTIL 1801.

John Brice, of Philadelphia, from Sarah Brice (maiden name Bernard); married 26 November, 1774; divorced 13 December, 1785.

Anthony Felix Weibert from Altathia Wibert; married 5 February, 1782; at marriage was the widow of John Garrison; divorced in 1788.

Mary Cordell from James Cordell, of Germantown; married 18 January, 1780; divorced 24 September, 1787.

William Keith, of Philadelphia, from Ann Keith (maiden name Burgess); married 27 August, 1785; divorced 3 September, 1791.

Mary Steele from William Steele, of Germantown; in 1788 had been married “upwards of twenty years;” divorced 2 January, 1789.

John Dicks, of Chester, Pa., from Mary Dicks (maiden name Culin) married 14 June, 1763; divorced 2 April, 1789.

Sophia Paulus from Peter Paulus; married “about the month of October, 1783;” divorced 24 September, 1788.

Joseph Wright, of Lancaster county, from Catharine Wright, maiden name Leek; married 8 September, 1784; divorced 24 September, 1788.

Margaret Erben (maiden name Bickley), of Philadelphia, from Adam Erbin, married 25 September, 1792; divorced 2 January, 1790.

Sarah Bossler (daughter of John Garber) from Henry Bossler, of Cumberland county; married “about” December, 1781; divorced 2 January, 1790.

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NEW GSP PUBLICATIONS

In the GSP Store

GSP is pleased to announce the reprinting of *Pennsylvania German Roots Across The Ocean*, Marion Egge, editor. This was first published in 2000 by The Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania, and since then copies have become scarce and in demand. Thus, it has been reprinted and is available for sale through our website store at $50 and free shipping.

Also available now through the GSP Store is *Volume 3 County of Philadelphia School Children Enumeration 1811-1816*. This publication includes High Street, Lower Delaware, North Ward, North Mulberry, South Mulberry available along with Volume 1 and Volume 2. Each are $20 and free shipping.


On the GSP Website

There is a new Resource Guide now available on Public Collection Section - The National Archives https://genpa.org/publications/nationalarchives-nara-handout/.

In addition, the Resource/Research Guides for all 67 Pennsylvania Counties are free to view, print or download from the Public Collections page. https://genpa.org/public-collections/

GSP THANKS YOU

Member William Martin has graciously donated his collection of genealogy books and notes to the GSP Library. We appreciate his thinking of the organization but, more importantly, of other researchers who will benefit from his generosity. Thank you!

The GSP Library accepts books in good condition, related to Pennsylvania Research, as donations. Please contact us before sending so that our office can plan the acquisition with you.

Carol M. Sheaffer, President
Pennsylvania became a state December 12, 1787. There are 67 counties and 2561 municipalities. Armstrong County was established March 12, 1800 from parts of Allegheny, Lycoming and Westmoreland Counties. The county seat is Kittanning.

Microfilm copies of county records along with the tools to help research county records are available at the Pennsylvania State Archives - PHMC > Archives > Research Online > County and Municipal Records

Finding Family and Historical Records in Armstrong County

I. http://www.co.armstrong.pa.us/departments/elected-officials/reg-rec
   Birth and Death records, Marriage records, Census records, Civil and Criminal court records and Deeds
III. History of Armstrong County - https://archive.org/details/historyofarmstro01smit
V. Armstrong County Historical Museum and Genealogical Society Inc. http://achmgs.yolasite.com/
VI. Chronology of Pennsylvania Counties: http://www.buckscountyhistory.com/chronological.htm

Angie Indik, GSP Board member
GSP NEWSLETTER
Finding your Pennsylvania Ancestors

GSP has a number of volunteer opportunities, at home, in the office or on location.

E-mail at gsp.deborah@gmail.com or editor@genpa.org or call the office 267-686-2296

Newsletter Committee: Joseph Roby, Copy Editor, Nancy Janyszeski, Carol M. Sheaffer

GSP EXECUTIVE BOARD
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GSP RESEARCH
GSP does not offer phone consultations. We require that all research requests be in writing. Request Form – PDF Document

Check the Research page on our website for additional information. https://genpa.org/research/

E-mail research requests to info@genpa.org

The GSP Pennsylvania Resource Guides can help answer where to find some Pennsylvania research sources. https://genpa.org/public-collections/pennsylvania-resources/

JOIN GSP

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